

Statement of Business or Professional Activities

- Use this form to calculate your self-employment business and professional income.
- For each business or profession, fill in a **separate** Form T2125.
- Fill in this form and send it with your income tax and benefit return.
- For more information on how to fill in this form, see Guide T4002, Self-employed Business, Professional, Commission, Farming, and Fishing Income.

Part 1 – Identification ————				1			
			Your social insurance number				
Business name				Business nu	mber		
Business address							
City					Prov./Terr.	Postal code	
Fiscal Date (YYYYMMDD) period From 2024-01-01 to	Date (YYYYMMDD) 2024-12-31		Was this your la	st year of busi	iness?	Yes	NoX
Main product or service				Industry cod (see Chapte	e r 2 in Guide T400	02)	
Accounting method (commission only) Cash XAccrual	Tax shelter iden	tification number	Partnership busi	ness number	Your percent of the partne		%
firm preparing this form 100 F	Professional Corporation River Avenue rane F4C 2C3	1					
Part 2 – Internet business activitie If your web pages or websites generate business	S or professional income,				0		
From how many Internet web pages and website Enter "0" if none	es (including third-party		-				
Provide up to five main web page or website addr	resses:						
http://							
http://							
http://							
http://							
http://							
Percentage of your gross income generated from (if no gross income was generated from the Intern		osites					%

Part 3A – Business income

Fill in this part **only** if you have business income. If you have professional income, leave this part blank and fill in Part 3B. If you have both business and professional income, you have to fill out a separate Form T2125 for each.

Part 3B - Professional income

Fill in this part only if you have professional income. If you have business income, leave this part blank and fill in Part 3A.

If you have both business and professional income, you have to fill out a separate Form T2125 for each.

Note: You can **no longer** use the transitional rules which allowed you to include your work-in-progress (WIP) progressively in your income if you had made an election to exclude your WIP. For more information on the inclusion of WIP in your income, see Chapter 2 of Guide T4002.

Part 3A – Business income

Gross sales, commissions or fees (include GST/HST collected or collectible)	3A
GST/HST, provincial sales tax, returns, allowances, discounts, and GST/HST adjustments (included in amount 3A)	3B
Subtotal: Amount 3A minus amount 3B	3C
If you are using the quick method for GST/HST – Government assistance calculated as follows: GST/HST collected or collectible on sales, commissions and fees eligible for the quick method 3D	
GST/HST remitted: (sales, commissions and fees eligible for the quick method plus GST/HST collected or collectible) multiplied by the applicable quick method remittance rate3E	
Subtotal: Amount 3D minus amount 3E	3F
Adjusted gross sales: Amount 3C plus amount 3F (enter on line 8000 of Part 3C)	3G

Part 3B – Professional income

Gross professional fees including work-in-progress (WIP) and GST/HST collected or collectible	3H
GST/HST, provincial sales tax, returns, allowances, discounts, and GST/HST adjustments (included in amount 3H)	31
Subtotal: Amount 3H minus amount 3I	3J
If you are using the quick method for GST/HST – Government assistance calculated as follows: GST/HST collected or collectible on professional fees eligible for the quick method	
GST/HST remitted: (professional fees eligible for the quick method plus GST/HST collected or collectible) multiplied by the applicable quick method remittance rate3L	
Subtotal: Amount 3K minus amount 3L	3M
Adjusted professional fees: Amount 3J plus amount 3M (enter on line 8000 of Part 3C)	3N

- Part 3C – Gross business or professional income

Adjusted gross sales (amount 3G) or adjusted	professional fees (amount 3N))		3000	
Reserves deducted last year Other income (specify):*					
	Subtotal: L	ine 8290 plus line 8230.		▶	30
Gross business or professional income: Li	ne 8000 plus amount 3O			3299	
 Report the gross business or professional inc business income on line 13499 professional income on line 13699 commission income on line 13899 	ome from line 8299 on the app	plicable line of your income ta:	x and benefit return as indic	cated below:	
* You may have received assistance from CO report COVID-related assistance, go to <u>cana</u>)

For Parts 3D, 4 and 5, if GST/HST has been remitted or an input tax credit has been claimed, do not include GST/HST when you calculate the cost of goods sold, expenses or net income (loss). If you are using the quick method for GST/HST, include the GST/HST paid or payable when you calculate the cost of goods sold, expenses or net income (loss).

┌ Part 3D – Cost of goods sold and gross profit			
If you have business income, fill in this part. Enter only the business part of the costs.			
Gross business income (line 8299 of Part 3C)			3P
Opening inventory (include raw materials, goods in process and finished goods)	8300	3Q	
	8320	3R	
	8340	3S	
ů, se	8360	3T	
	8450	3U	
Subtotal: Add amounts 3Q to 3U.			
	8500		
o i i o i	8518	-►	
Gross profit (or loss): Amount 3P minus line 8518		8519	
Part 4 – Net income (loss) before adjustments			
Gross business or professional income (line 8299 of Part 3C) or Gross profit (line 8519 of Part 3C))		4A
Expenses (enter only the business part)			
	8521	4B	
0	8523	4D 4C	
	8590	40 4D	
	8690	4D 4E	
	8710		
6		4F	
	8760	4G	
•	8810	4H	
	8811	4I	
	8860	4J	
5	8871	4K	
	8910	4L	
1	8960	4M	
Salaries, wages and benefits (including employer's contributions)	9060	4N	
Property taxes	9180	40	
Travel expenses	9200	4P	
Utilities	9220	4Q	
Fuel costs (except for motor vehicles)	9224	4R	
Delivery, freight and express	9275	4S	
Motor vehicle expenses (not including CCA) (amount 16 of Chart A)	9281	4T	
Capital cost allowance (CCA). Enter amount ii of Area A minus any personal part and any			
	9936	4U	
	9270	⁴ V	I
Total expenses: Total of amounts 4B to 4V	9368		
Net income (loss) before adjustments: Amount 4A minus line 9368		9369	
Dert E. Vour not in come (loce)			
Part 5 – Your net income (loss)	1		
Your share of line 9369 or the amount from your T5013 slip, Statement of Partnership Income .		5A	
Canadian journalism labour tax credit allocated to you in the year (box 236 of your T5013 slip)		5B	
	9974		I
Total: Amount 5A plus amount 5B plus line 9974		_	5C
Other amounts deductible from your share of net partnership income (loss) (amount 6F)		. 9943	
Net income (loss) after adjustments: Amount 5C minus line 9943		·	5D
Business-use-of-home expenses (amount 7P)		. 9945	
Your net income (loss): Amount 5D minus line 9945		. 9946	
Report the net income amount from line 9946 on the applicable line of your income tax and benefit ret	turn as indicated below:		
 business income on line 13500 			
 professional income on line 13700 			
commission income on line 13900			
Note: Do not report a loss resulting from the disposition of a flipped property on your income tax and			
Any loss resulting from the disposition of a flipped property is deemed to be nil. For more inform	ation, read Chapter 1 of G	uide 14002.	

Part 6 – Other amounts deductible from your share of net partnership income (loss) Claim expenses you incurred that were not included in the partnership statement of income and expenses, and for which the partnership did not reimburse you. These claims must not be included in the claims already calculated for the partnership.	
List details of expenses:	Expense amounts
Business use of motor vehicle	6A
Meals and entertainment	6B
Private health services plan premiums	6C
	6D
	6E
Total other amounts deductible from your share of the net partnership income (loss): Add amounts 6A to 6E (enter this on line 9943 of Part 5).	6F
□ Part 7 – Calculating business-use-of-home expenses	
Heat	7A
Electricity	7B
Insurance	7C
Maintenance	7D

	7D
Mortgage interest	7E
Property taxes	7F
Other expenses (specify):	7G
Subtotal: Add amounts 7A to 7G.	7H
Minus: Personal-use part of the business-use-of-home expenses	71
Subtotal: Amount 7H minus amount 7I	7J
Capital cost allowance (business part only), which means amount ii of Area A minus any portion of capital cost allowance that is for personal use or entered on line 9936 of Part 4	7к
Amount carried forward from previous year	7L
Subtotal: Add amounts 7J to 7L.	7M
Net income (loss) after adjustments (amount 5D) (if negative, enter "0")	7N
(if negative, enter "0")	70
Allowable claim: Amount 7M or 7N above, whichever is less (enter your share of this amount on line 9945 of Pa	art 5)

□ Part 8 – Details of other partners –

Do not fill in this chart if you must file a partnership information return.				
Name of partner				
	1	+	-	-
Address	Prov./Terr.	Postal code	Share of net income or (loss)	Percentage of partnership
			\$	%
Name of partner				
Address	Prov./Terr.	Postal code	Share of net income or (loss)	Percentage of partnership
			\$	%
Name of partner				
Address	Prov./Terr.	Postal code	Share of net income or (loss)	Percentage of partnership
			\$	%
Name of partner				
A 14				
Address	Prov./Terr.	Postal code	Share of net income or (loss)	Percentage of partnership
			\$	%
┌ Part 9 – Details of equity ────				
				31
				32
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Area A - Calculation of capital cost allowance (CCA) claim

CCA other than classes 10.1 and 13

1 Class number	2 Undepreciated capital cost (UCC) at the start of the year	Amount to be substracted	3 Cost of additions in the year (see Areas B and C below)	4 Cost of additions from column 3 that are DIEPs (property must be available for use in the year) Note 1	5 Proceeds of dispositions in the year (see Areas D and E below) Note 2	6 Proceeds of dispositions of DIEP (enter amount from col. 5 that relates to DIEP from col. 4)	7** UCC after additions and dispositions (col. 2 plus col. 3 minus col. 5)
Class number	8 UCC of DIEP (col. 4 minus col. 6) Note 3	9 Immediate expensing amount for DIEPs Note 4	10 Cost of remaining additions after immediate expensing (col. 3 minus col. 9)	11 Cost of remaining additions from column 10 that are AlIPs or ZEVs Note 5	12 Remaining UCC after immediate expensing (col. 7 minus col. 9).	13 Proceeds of dispositions available to reduce additions of AllPs and ZEVs (col. 5 minus col. 10 plus col. 11). If negative, enter "0"	
	I		i 🖪 Total immed	liate expensing clair	m for the year: Tota	l of column 9	
Class number	14 UCC adjustment for current-year additions of AllPs and ZEVs (col. 11 minus col. 13) multiplied by the relevant factor. If negative, enter "0" Note 6	15 Adjustment for current-year additions subject to the half-year rule. 1/2 multiplied by (col. 10 minus col. 11 minus col. 5). If negative, enter "0"	16 Base amount for CCA (col. 12 plus col. 14 minus col. 15)	17 CCA rate %	18 CCA for the year (col. 16 multiplied by col. 17, or a lower amount, plus col. 9)	19 UCC at the end of the year (col. 7 minus col. 18) Note 7	

Total CCA claim for the year: Total of column 18 (enter on line 9936 of Part 4, amount ii minus any personal part and any CCA for business-use-of-home expenses***)

- ** If you have a negative amount in column 7, add it to income as a recapture in Part 3C on line 8230. If no property is left in the class and there is a positive amount in this column, deduct the amount from income as a terminal loss in Part 4 on line 9270. Recapture and terminal loss do not apply to a Class 10.1 property unless it is a DIEP. For more information, read Chapter 4 of Guide T4002.
- *** For information on CCA for "Part 7 Calculating business-use-of-home expenses," see "Special situations" in Chapter 4 of Guide T4002. To help you calculate the CCA, see the calculation charts in Areas B to G.
- Note 1: Columns 4, 6, 8 and 9 apply only to designated immediate expensing properties (DIEPs). See subsection 1104(3.1) of the Income Tax Regulations for definitions. A DIEP is a property that you acquired after December 31, 2021, and that became available for use in the current year. For more information, see Guide T4002.
- Note 2: The proceeds of disposition of a zero-emission passenger vehicle (ZEPV) that has been included in Class 54, or a passenger vehicle bought after April 18, 2021, that has been included in Class 10.1, and whose cost is more than the prescribed amount will be adjusted based on a factor equal to its prescribed amount as a proportion of the actual cost of the vehicle. For dispositions after July 29, 2019, you will have to adjust the actual cost of the vehicle for any payments or repayments of government assistance that you may have received or repaid for the vehicle. If the passenger vehicle in Class 10.1 is not designated for immediate expensing treatment, this special rule does not apply. For more information on proceeds of disposition and prescribed amounts, read "Class 10.1 (30%)" and "Class 54 (30%)" in Guide T4002.
- Note 3: The amount you enter in column 8 must not be more than the amount from column 7. If the amount from column 7 is negative, enter "0."
- Note 4: The immediate expensing applies to DIEPs included in column 8. The total immediate expensing amount for the tax year (total of column 9) is limited to the lesser of:
 - the immediate expensing limit, which is equal to one of the following, whichever is applicable:
 - \$1.5 million, if you are not associated with any other eligible person or partnership (EPOP) in the tax year
 - amount iii of Area G, if you are associated with one or more EPOPs in the tax year
 - zero, if you are associated with one or more EPOPs and an agreement that assigns a percentage to one or more of the associated EPOPs was not filed with the minister in a prescribed form
 - any amount allocated by the minister under subsection 1104(3.4) of the Regulations
 - the UCC of DIEPs in column 8
 - the amount of income, if any, earned from the source of income that is a business (before any CCA deductions) in which the relevant DIEP is used for the tax year
 - For more information, see Guide T4002.
- Note 5: Columns 11, 13 and 14 apply only to accelerated investment incentive properties (AIIPs) (see subsection 1104(4) of the Income Tax Regulations for the definition), zero-emission vehicles (ZEVs), ZEPVs and other eligible zero-emission automotive equipment and vehicles that become available for use in the year. In this chart, ZEVs represent zero-emission vehicles, zero-emission passenger vehicles and other eligible zero-emission automotive equipment and vehicles. An AIIP is a property (other than a ZEV) that you acquired after November 20, 2018, and that became available for use before 2028. A ZEV is a motor vehicle included in Class 54 or 55 that you acquired after March 18, 2019, and that became available for use before 2028. For more information, see Guide T4002.
- Note 6: For properties available for use before 2026, the relevant factors are 1 1/2 (Classes 43.1, 54, and 56), 7/8 (Class 55), 1/2 (Classes 43.2 and 53), and 0 for any remaining AIIPs not listed in this note.
- Note 7: If, in the year, you disposed of a property that you used for both personal and business use, and your business use of that property changed from year to year, you must subtract any remaining personal part of this property's cost from the UCC at the end of the year. For more information, see "Special situations" in Chapter 4 of Guide T4002.

For more information on AIIPs, see Guide T4002 or go to canada.ca/taxes-accelerated-investment-income.

Area B – Equipment a	additions in the year			
1 Class number	2 Property description	3 Total cost	4 Personal part (if applicable)	5 Business part (column 3 minus column 4)
	Total e	quipment additions in the year: To	tal of column 5 992	5
Area C – Building add	litions in the year			
1 Class number	2 Property description	3 Total cost	4 Personal part (if applicable)	5 Business part (column 3 minus column 4)
	Tota	I building additions in the year: To	tal of column 5 9927	7
Area D – Equipment o	lispositions in the year			
1 Class number	2 Property description	3 Proceeds of disposition (should not be more than the capital cost)	4 Personal part (if applicable)	5 Business part (column 3 minus column 4)
		pment dispositions in the year: To		6
, , ,	operty in the year, see Chapter 4 of Guide T4002 for in	nformation about your proceeds of dis	sposition.	
Area E – Building dis	positions in the year	3	4	5
Class number	Property description	Proceeds of disposition (should not be more than the capital cost)	Personal part (if applicable)	Business part (column 3 minus column 4)
		uilding dispositions in the year: To		3
, , ,	operty in the year, see Chapter 4 of Guide T4002 for in	nformation about your proceeds of dis	sposition.	
Area F – Land additio	ns and dispositions in the year			
Total cost of all land addition	ns in the year			
Total proceeds from all land	dispositions in the year			1
Note: You cannot claim capi	ital cost allowance on land. For more information, see (Chapter 3 of Guide T4002.		
		•		
Area G – Agreement k	between associated eligible persons or	oartnerships (EPOPs)		
	iscal period with one or more EPOPs that you have en	tered into an agreement with under s	ubsection	
1104(3.3) of the Regulations	s?			. Yes X No

If you answered **yes**, fill in the table below.

Enter the percentage assigned to each associated EPOP (including your business) as determined in the agreement.

This percentage will be used to allocate the immediate expensing limit. The total of all percentages assigned under the agreement should not be more than 100%. If the total is more than 100%, then the associated group has an immediate expensing limit of zero. For more information about the immediate expensing limit, see Guide T4002.

1 Name of the EPOP	2 Identification number Note 8	3 Percentage assigned under the agreement
Immediate expensing limit allocated to your business: Multiply \$1.5 million by the percentage ass column 3 (see note 9)	assigned: Total of column 3	iii

Note 8: The identification number is the EPOP's social insurance number, business number or partnership account number.

Note 9: If the total of column 3 is more than 100%, enter "0."

See the privacy notice on your return.